child and served it in the same brutal way. She then

gave an alarm and, as the neighbors rushed in, drew the

THE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

ATLANTA.

BT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

debtor and creditor than there is now. It is only throw-

sufficient, and that any interference by Congress between them would be injurious to both.

HE ESCAPED WITH HIS LIFE.

IST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

triving over the railway crossing here this morning,

when he was struck by the St. Louis express on the New-

THE MYERS-VERMILYE CASE.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

giving to the plaintiff \$20,000 damages by default. The

ground of action was alleged slander by Vermilye in

ME, MILAIN'S EXCEPTIONAL GOOD FORTUNE

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)

HILLSBORO, Ill., April 26.-Isaac McLain,

who was recently divorced from his young wife, has now

MRS. TABOR RECOVERS HER DIAMONDS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

DROWNED IN THE MISSISSIPPI,

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG.

A DEUNKEN MAN'S FALL OF EIGHTY FEET.

A WILL IN FAVOR OF WIDOWS.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 26,-Aaron

omers, a wealthy farmer, who died a few days ago leav

ng an estate of \$10,000, left a singular will in which he

equeaths his whole estate, personal and real, to his wife

as long as she remains a widow. At her death, or second marriage, the entire property is to be disposped of by his executor to be used at the discretion of the acting Select men of the town for worthy white widows and orphans of

town. Nothing is left to any of his or his wife's rela-

ELMIRA, April 26.-The jury in the case of

William Memeke, charged with the murder of Katie

Brodhoff, after being out two hours, rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree. Judge Murray suspended sentence u nul Monday moraing.

A STORE BURNED BY BURGLARS.

A MURDERER SHOT DEAD.

Vaughn, near thunky station by Clarke Sutton, colored Sutton admitted the crime, and, on resisting arrest, was shot dead. Vaughn's body was mutilated, the head and one foot having been cut off.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

SALE OF SHORTHORN CATTLE.

MARSHALL, Mo., Auril 26,—the second day's sale of shorthorn cattle resulted in the disposal of eighty-four head for an aggregate of \$13.480. The sales for the two days average \$150 per head.

days average \$150 per ucad.

DROUTH IN WESTERN TEXAS.

St. Louis, April 26. Advices from Western Texas are to the effect that cattle are suffering, and large numbers dying, for want of water and grass, the drouth having been severe. Myrinds of caterpillars have also appeared and are destroying all kinds of vegetation.

suspended for understanding an amount of the conduct.

Suspended for unmercantile conduct.

Chapkati, April 20.—A sentence of indefinite suspension against Nelson Perin & Co., prominent graft dealers, was pronounced to-day by the Chamber of Commerce on a charge of unmercantile conduct.

merce on a charge of unmercantile conduct.

A BOLT AND NUT POOL FORMED.

PITTSBURG, April 26.—The bolt and not me ufacturers of the United States have form a pool to restrict production and establiprofitable selling rates. A meeting will be held habout May 1 to revise the rates and discounts, and to in the time fixed for the pool agreement.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE STATE ADDITIONAL THE DIRECTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE STATE OF TH

THE DICKINSON WILL SUSTAINED.

SPRINGTHELD, Mass., April 2d.—A dispatch to T Union says: The jury at Northampten has sustained t Dickinson will, declaring that the testator was of som ultid.

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUN

bankrupt law. The South cannot

is compromise and not bankruptcy."

THE NEWS IN LONDON. PROPOSALS FOR A EUROPEAN CONFER-

ENCE-EGYPTIAN COMPLICATIONS.

AN EXPLOSION OF FRENCH HOSTILITY-MINISTERIAL CONTRADICTIONS RESPECTING GORDON, [BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, April 26.-Telegrams from Berlin, Vienna and other capitals agree in saying that no formal proposals for a conference respecting Egypt Instead of \$30,000,000.

FRENCH CRITICISMS.

From the beginning of the week there has been Débats taking the lead in a fresh demand that England shall respect French interests in Egypt, and English invitation two years since to join in enforcing them. The République even suggests that France shall assume the Egyptian debt, and pretends to believe that England is in a state of decadence. This demonstration, though ostensibly due to the weakness of English policy, is understood here to be really inspired by the Haute Finance of Paris staggering under the load of Egyptian bonds which it has never succeeded in inducing the public to buy. The République to-day takes a still more menacing tone, and insists that the mere assembling of any European conference opens the whole Egyptian question,

GENERAL GORDON'S PLIGHT. The Ministerial statements respecting General

Gordon leave the public in a condition of complete mystification. Mr. Gladstone announced on Monday that Khartoum was hemmed in by hostile tribes, but not surrounded. On Thursday he declared that there was no military or other danger threatening Khartoum, yet admitted that the Government were under obligations to provide for General Gordon's safety. Lord Edmond Fitzmaurice in the mean time described Mr. Power, the Consular Agent at Khartoum, as being in great peril. When asked, he declined to say what peril besets Mr. Power from which General Gordon is free. Mr. Gladstone admits that Berber is in danger, but believes that the fall of Berber will late Earl's public and private career. cause no essential change at Khartoum, although there are two thousand refugees from Khartoum in Berber. Mr. Gladstone, answering a question after two days' notice and two protracted Cabinet Councils, makes a statement in reference to the relief of Berber, from which directly contrary inferences are drawn by The Times and The Standard. The papers throughout the Kingdom are equally puzzled, some of them applauding the supposed sanction given to a mixed Anglo-Egyptian expedition, and others protesting against a refusal. General Gordon's millionnaire appeal meanwhile clicits a general response from the public, The Times and other papers saying that they are overwhelmed with letters offering subscriptions, which they decline to receive, holding the Government responsible for General Gordon's safety.

from everybody in the Ministry to the English people, and announcing through . The Times that he must be allowed to administer in his own way a country that is rapidly falling into anarchy, or

A PROTECTIONIST TRIUMPH.

Parliament reassembled on Monday after the Easter vacation only to waste another week. Little real business has been done. The Ministerial defeat on Tuesday on the Cattle Plague Bill was a protectionist victory. The Government, every member of which is steeped to the lips in pledges to free trade, gives way and sanctions an amendment compelling the Privy Council to exclude cattle from every country where it is not satisfied both with the sanitary condition of cattle and with the sufficiency of the laws for regulating the import and export of cattle, and for preventing the spread of the disease. This completely shifts the burden of proof, and might prohibit the importation of cattle from Illinois because the disease existed in Texas. To prevent this anomaly the Min-4sters insert in the bill "country or specified part thereof," avowedly for the benefit of the

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

The Budget, introduced by Mr. Childers in an able speech, shows a slightly more favorable state of the finances than was expected, but no important tax will be remitted. It has excited the usual priticisms on points and details. It proposes no attempt to improve the present unjust system of Toyying the income tax. The proposal to debase the gold coinage will be resisted. The plan for converting certain consols and reducing interest is well received in the city, especially at the Stock Exchange, where active speculation has resulted.

THE RARTHQUAKE. Scientific people agree that the Colchester earthquake is the greatest that has occurred since Elizabeth's reig... The damage and distress, especially in neighboring villages, are so considerable

that a relief movement is organizing. THE GREELY RELIEF EXPEDITION.

The Standard to-day discusses the Greely Relief Expedition in an elaborate article. It thinks the American naval authorities show meagre knowledge of Arctic exploration, and expects that some of the published orders must, from their crudity, be altered before the ships sail. It condemns the desision to place the Alert at Littleton Island. It believes that the Greely party, if it reached Cape Sabine in boats, would remain there. It concludes that on the whole he is probably at this moment safe and well at Lady Franklin Bay, and possibly has even reached Upernavik. The article bears internal evidence of being prepared by a high

MR. LOWELL ON MR. BROWNING.

Mr. Lowell presided last night at the monthly meeting of the Browning Society, and delivered a critical eulogy on Browning, asserting that his poems belonged to that world of imagination of which the fashion never passeth. He found himself able by constructing a new definition to de- | belonging to Eagan containing treasonable documents. | guilty to-night-

clare many of Browning's poems remarkable even for form, though many were whirled away by the sweep and torrent of his own abundance. Warning the Browning societies against indiscriminate admiration of everything their hero produced, he ended by insisting that Browning is beyond all others a masculine poet.

ART AND MR. RUSKIN.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that the place of honor at the coming Royal Academy Exhibition has been have yet been received from England. The com- at last assigned to Tadema, and mentions Mr. munications have been confined to notes asking Sargent, an American artist, as among the chief whether the Powers would like to take part in a contributors. Mr. Ruskin's eccentric explosions in conference with reference to the modification of an interview with The Pail Mall Gazette are rethe Law of Liquidation. The replies of the Powers gretted by his friends, and are considered by the have been delayed, and the consultations are serious public another proof of the worthlessness of proceeding. It is now reported that Mr. Vincent opinions thus delivered. Mr. Ruskin describes Mr. fixes the minimum loan required at \$40,000,000 Gladstone as an old wind-bag, professes the deepest respect for the Duke of Albany's genius, praises his own Oxford lectures, announces that he intends to start a school of art to supersede the an explosion in the French press of ferocious hos- Royal Academy, and proclaims Professor tility to England, the République Francaise and the Tyndall a sinner against science from his overwhelming vanity. He lavishes praise on "Claudian,"-the play, Mr. Wilson Barrett's acting, and ignoring the deliberate refusal of France of the the scenery-because it is entirely right in

SOCIETY AND THE DRAMA.

The Paris correspondent of The Standard telegraphs that politics, diplomacy, art, literature, and American and English society were brilliantly represented at the reception of the American Minister and Mrs. Morton last night. The crowded salons were a conclusive proof of social regard and of the popularity of the host and the hostess.

Mr. Barrett, finding "Yorick's Love" unsuited to the taste of the British public, announces "Richelieu" for Monday. Mr. Pinero's version of M. Ohnet's "Le Maitre de Forges" is sharply criticised by The Saturday Review, which denounces the play as nauseous, and the acting as below the usual standard of the St. James Theatre. The other weeklies condemn it, though less bitterly.

G. W. S.

PHASES OF EGROPEAN GOSSIP. INCIDENTS AND NOTES FROM ABROAD.

THE GERMAN CHANCELLOR AND THE ENGLISH

PREMIER-TOPICS OF INTEREST. LONDON, April 26.—Prince Bismarck has just given another proof of his contempt for the methods of the present Premier of England. His admiration for Earl Beaconsfield having become almost proverbial, one of the leading London newspapers recently sent him a note requesting in the most polite manner that he would favor them with an article containing his opinion of the this Bismarck has written a reply in which he states that while it would give him great pleasure to put on record a tribute to Beaconsfield's greatness, he cannot jeopardize the existing friendly relations between his Government and that of Mr. Gladstone by so doing. This is interpreted as a characteristically sarcastic way of Bismarck's saying that if he were to write what he thought, the contrast would be so marked between the greatness of Disraeli and the littleness of Gladstone, that it would result in an amount of bitterness which he does not care to stir up.

A SOCIALIST NOT ALLOWED TO RETURN. Herr Kayser, a member of the Reichstag, who was ex pelled from Breslau, under the provisions of the Socialistic law, recently begged permission of the German Gov ernment to revisit his home in order to settle up some family affairs. The request was refused, and the Liberal ournals have contained articles denouncing such an apparently uncalled for piece of tyrauny.

BRITISH COIN. The British public propose to make a strong fight for the integrity of their favorite gold coins—the sovereign and half sovereign-and a well organized opposition is Nubar's resignation is again reported to be im- rapidly developing against the proposition of the Right

EUINED BY GAMBLING Another baccarat scandal is agitating London society. The influence of the friends of the victim has been sufcient to keep his name a secret from the public, but it is known that he was a young man of high family connections, abundant income, and of high promise in social and political circles. He has fled, leaving his creditors defrauded, his home broken up, and has banished himself to a life of exile, with the alternative of arrest if he ven

LOED GARMOYLE'S TRAVELS. Lord Garmoyle seems determined to keep away from weland, at least until Miss Fortsseue's breach of promse suit is out of the way. It is now announced that he is to continue his travels until he has completed a tour of the world, and that he will spend a portion of next sum-

mer at New-York, Newport and Saratoga. LAUGHING AT THE AMERICAN NAVY. The Broadarrow, of London, the favorite organ of the fficers of the British Navy, is out with a stinging criticism of the policy of the United States Congress toward the American Navy. It says that men possessed of any naval knowledge must laugh at what it calls "America's peddling efforts to obtain an effective, or even a decent fleet. The English system," The Broadarrow says, "Is bad enough, but the American is infinitely worse.

LORD COLERIDGE'S BOOK ON AMERICA. Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is making rapid progress with his book of American reminiscences. Some of his personal friends, who claim to have had the privilege of reading what he has already finished, declare that the was prevented from gaining progress by the firemen. book will create a sensation, and that the Americans will be surprised at the matter contained in certain chapters devoted to a correction of the ultra-American sentiments delivered by Coleridge in some of his after-dinner and conservative English friends.

AMERICAN SECURITIES IN ENGLAND. It is expected that an enormous amount of American tocks will be taken off the London market at the apties continues steady, and buying, if encouraged from New-York, will continue. There is a strong feeling prevalcut that the bottom has been reached in many prominent American stocks, and were it not for the uncrtainty which always accompanies a Presidential year, there is little doubt that large investments would be made on this side in dividend-paying American securities at present prices.

THE CATTLE DISEASE BILL. The Tory members of the House of Commons have called a meeting for Monday, to decide upon the action they will take toward the Cattle Disease bill. It is underproposition to allow the bill in its present form to go ough with an amendment limiting its operation to on-

LOED BANDOLPH CHURCHILL TO TRAVEL Lord Randolph Churchill has announced that during the next recess of Parliament he will probably visit the United States with Lady Churchill, formerly Miss Jennie Jerome, daughter of Leonard W. Jerome, of New-York.

THEATRICAL. Miss Mary Anderson has returned to London, and will start to morrow for Edinburgh, where she begins a six | CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH. weeks' tour of the provinces, and will then rest until the beginning of her autumn season in London.

the Haymarket Taestre; Hollingshead, of the Glacty; Wilson Barrett, of the Princess; Thorne, of the Vandeville: John L. Toole and other leaders in theatrical circles to give a grand series of performances simultaneously in various London theatres on some afternoon next week in honor of the late actor, dramatist and poet, Henry J. Byron, the proceeds to be devoted to the creetion of a suitable memorial.

SUSPECTED DYNAMITEURS IN COURT. LIVERPOOL, April 26 .- John Daly, the susected dynamiteur was removed yesterday to Birkenhead here the arrest was made, and was then remanded until

BIRMINGHAM, April 26.-James Eagan, the supposed confederate of John Daly, was arraigned to-day. prosecutor declared that the police had found a tin can

NEW-YORK, SUNDAY, APRIL 27, 1884.-TWELVE PAGES. He said that papers were found in Daly's pockets containing the names and addresses of people in Brooklyn and New-York. Eggan was remanded for another week in order that he and Daly gould be arraigned together.

THE BRITISH IN THE SOUDAN THREATS TO ASSASSINATE THE KHEDIVE.

THE DYNAMITEURS IN NOVA SCOTIA. HALIFAX, April 26.-Judgment was rendered in the Supreme Court to-day in the case of Holmes and

Bracken, the dynamiteurs, sustaining the indictment and consequently confirming their conviction. Judge Wetherbee dissented. THE PROPOSED RAID ON CANADA.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG. OTTAWA, April 26,-Government Detective son, who has been hunting up dynamiteurs in the United States, returned to this city to-day. It is under-New-York, St. Louis and Chicago in regard to the pro posed raid on Canada. Representations based upon his report will be made to the United States authorities, with a view of defeating the operations which are extending to this side of the line.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

LONDON, April 26. DAMAGE BY FIRE .- A building occupied by William Whitely, general dealer in Westbourne, was burned this morning. The less will amout to £250,000. FOREIGN LOANS .- No subscriptions are being made to the new Russian loan. Stern Brothers are issuing the Portuguese loan of £3,800,000. VERSES ON GORDON. -The Post this morning publishes a short poem by Mr. Tupper on the relief of General Gor

CHEVALIER WIKOFF DYING. London, April 26.—Chevalier Wikoff has

INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION AT TURIN. TURIN. April 26.-The International Exposition was formally opened to the public to-day by King Humbert and Queen Margaret. Many foreign ambassaders and ministers, as well as other persons of distinction, were present. It was altogether a brilliant occasion.

SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS. PANAMA, April 17.—The House of Repre-sentatives of Columbia has voted want of confidence in Señor Francisco de P. Mateuss, the Minister to France, on account of his action in the matter of the \$100,000 be longing to Panama. Of the above sum paid to the agents of Panama in Bogota, \$6,000 has been accounted for. Senor Jose Arlona was assassinated in Concepcion.

M. Frenau, the chief of the topographical and technical work of the Canal Company, is dead of yellow fever.

Recently Iglesias, the Peruvian leader, sent a small body of troops to les. Instead of obeying orders, they robbed and nurdered those whom they met on the way and were refused admittance to the town.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR AGUERO.

HAVANA, April 26 .- Rumor has it that a band of fifty-three Haytlen creoles have landed in Cuba to reinforce Aguero's band. These men, who were engaged in the revolt against President Salomon took refuge in the consolates in Hayti. They left Hayti in an open boat, and landed in the bay of Nipe, Cuba, where they passed as workmen engaged for a great French agricultural settlement. The authorities of Holguin and of Mayari are pursuing this new band.

THE ATTACK ON BARIOS. PANAMA, April 17.-The recent attempt on

the life of President Barlos is believed to have been made by personal enemies and not from political motives. FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS.

VIENNA, April 26.-The Polar Conference has terminated its labors. Lieutenant Ray, of the United States, and other delegates were presented to the Emperor.

MADEID, April 26.-The Government claims to have recaived further information of a revolutionary movement in the provinces. Several officers and civilians at Barcelona and in the central and southern part of the country have been arrested. BERLIS, April 26.-The committee of the Reichstag to

which the bill prolonging the special anti-socialist law referred has adopted the resolution of the new Liberal party to introduce, the present session, a bill dealing with anarchists and the diegral use of explosives. Herr dighter announced that anarchists had placed sixteen pounds of dynamic under the status of termanna at Niederwald.

THE HAGUE, April 26.-In the Upper House of the Affairs, stated that Holland demanded no right of sov-

THE FIRE RECORD.

ALARM IN THE BREVOORT HOUSE. DAMAGE TO THE EXTENT OF \$10,000 IN MR. WAITE'S

A hall-boy who had been sent on a message to the top floor of the Erevoort House at 11:30 o'clock last night, smelled smoke which came from under the still of one of the rooms occupied by the family of Alderman Waite, the proprietor of the hotel. He thoughtlessly called fire and then ran down to the office, where a special alarm was sent out. This was immediately followed by a second alarm, and within five minutes the streets about the hotel were blocked with fire engines.

The cry of the ball-boy served to slarm a number of guests who occupied rooms on the upper floors, and for a time there was much excitement. One of the women olding a child with each hand, rushed toward the ele vator shaft and attempted to throw herself to the bottom, panions. Many of the guests had partly undressed for the night, and until the firemen arrived they filled the corridors with their cries and blocked them by their attempts to escape. When the fire was "located" the excitement abated to a great extent and by the time the firemen got to work they found that they had the upper floor to themselves.

The fire originated in a room next to the one occupied blown against a lighted gas-let and the flames speedily joining rooms and atelts way through the roof, where it umes of it roled out from the upper windows leading the crowds which had assem bled outside to believe that the entire structure was to be consumed. Within half an hour from the time the engines arrived the fire was out.

The damage Mr. Waite estimates to be about \$10,000, fully lasured. Of this amount a large part was the value of furniture and carpets damaged by water. The excitement and the consequent fright prostrated Mrs. Waite, and she remained for a long time unconscious. Sone of the guests suffered any loss. outside to believe that the entire structure

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES. Paducan, Ky., April 26. - Farley's stave fac

tory was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is \$12,000; insurance, \$5,000. day in the village of Walterboro, the county seat of Colleton County. The Voicer Hotel was destroyed, to gether with several other buildings. The loss is \$21,000.

St. Jons, N. B., April 26, -The general store of Audrew Bowness, at Kensington, P. E. I., was burned to-day stood that they will agree to accept the Government's The loss is \$10,000; insurance, \$6,000, in the Northern

A DISASTROUS FOREST FIRE.

NEW-BLOOMFIELD, Penn., April 26,-A dis this place all day and to night. Hundreds of acres of

ABBOTT TO RETURN TO MASSACHUSETTS.

87. Lettis, Apri. 26. A choott, the absenceding cashier of the Waterrown, Miss., Bank, was taken from Pierce City ast night by the Deputy United States Marshal to Jeffer-en City, where he will be turned over to a Watertown direct.

AN EX-SHERIFF UNDLE ASREST.

PIEDSONY, W.Va., April 26 - 6; F. Sims, a prominent
strain of this place, is under arrest on an indictment
arought by the Grand Jury of Mineral County, on the
charge of appropriating money belonging to the State,
collected by blum while sheriff two years ago. The detalcation, it is said, will reach possibly to \$12,000.

CONVICTED OF FORGITRY.

New-Burnswick, N. J., April 26.—Levi D. Jarrard, exCounty Collector, was convicted of forgery to-day. The
pary was out two hours. Sentence has been postponed
for two weeks, as the motion of the defence for a new
trial has not been decided. ACQUITTED OF THE CHARGE OF MURDER. RECORSO, Penn., April 26.—Edwin J. Schaum, who killed Isaac Scibert with a baseball bat in a dispute about a woman at Schaum's hotel in Lebanon, was found not

MEASURES SUGGESTED FOR THE RELIEF OF EHAR

TOUM-A NOVEL PLAN PROPOSED. LONDON, April 26.—The Khedive has caused the British Government to be informed that because of the indecisive nature of the English policy in Egypt his position, which has long been one of intolerable annoyance, has now become absolutely dangerous. It is stated that Tewfik Pacha has, ever since the advent of Clifford Lloyd as Under Secretary of the Interior for Egyptian Affairs, been treated, even in public, with a sort of popular contempt. The natives have exaggerated notions con cerning Lloyd. They know that he was appointed to Egypt because of his success in bringing to punishment "Irish rebels" while he was respient British magistrate in Ireland, and they assume that he has been transferred to Egypt for the purpose of accomplishing the obliteration of Egyptian nationality. The Egyptians have made up their minds that England really means to stay in Egypt permanently, and thoroughly anglicize the country, and they believe that Lloyd has been selected as the chief British instrument for bringing this about. Tewfik has come to be regarded as a traitor to his country who has absolutely sold out the Egyptian people to the English Government and is biding

wealth given him in bribe. Recently the Khedive has received many threatening messages, and he now complains that he is in daily receipt of letters ordering him to worth of the South's trade. If the East wante a bankrupt law, all right; but don't give us any in the South." Another gentleman said that such a law would throw trade back to where it was ten years ago.

These views were reiterated by almost every business man spoken to. The feeling is that the trade is in a satisfactory shape, that reintions between wholesale and retail men are excellent; that the opportunities for large dealers to avoid being trapped by worthless customers are anticent, and that any interference by Congress between abdicate and leave the country under penalty of assassination. Yesterday he received a letter in which he was denounced as "a traitor to Egypt," as " a tool of the Intidels," and in which the threat was made that unless he quit the Egyptian throne and left the country immediately he would be poisoned by persons in his closet confidence. He has fallen into a sort of chronic melancholy, and conducts himself as one partially de-

his time for a final retreat from Egypt upon the

mented. THE RELIEF OF THE BRITISH GENERAL

The Cabinet conference which will be held it London on Monday will be devoted entirely to the Egyptian question. Sir Evelyn Baring, British Minister in Egypt, and Clifford Lloyd, who have been summoned to attend this conference, will, it is expected, arrive in London on Monmorning. The Ministry has already obtained suggestions from the principal English military authorities as to the best method of relieving General Gordon at Khartoum. General Lord Wolseley recommends the immediate dispatch of a mixed military expedition composed of British and British Indian troops. He suggests that this force go to Suakim, thence to Berber and thence to Khartoum, and be large enough to occupy and maintain the entire route. Lieutenant-General Stephenson, C. B., commander of the British forces in Egypt, entirely concurs in Lord Wolseley's plan. General Sir Evelyn Wood, commander of the Egyptian troops, grumbles against the plan because it leaves out the native Egyptian troops. Generals Wolseley and Lord Stephenson have no confidence in the nativ Egyptian soldiery, deeming them cowardly, treach erous, and secretly friendly to the cause of El

life by marrying his mother-in-law, a matron of fifty-six McLain is fifty-two years old. It is said that Mrs. McLain No. 1 will make her home with her mother, Mrs. McLain No. 2, and whatever disadvantages may arise from this arrangement are offset by the extraordinary advantage Mr. McLain will enjoy of being his own father-balaw. VIEWS OF GENERAL GORDON'S BROTHER General Sir Henry William Gordon, K. C. B., the brother of "Chinese" Gordon, had an important conference to-day with Lord Granville, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in reference to the condition of affairs at Khartoum. In an interview immediately after the conference, Sir Henry Gordon stated that Lord Granville and the Government were still un decided us to the expediency of sending an expedition for the relief of Berber and Khartoum, Sir Henry said that he had expressed to Lord Granville his be lief that General Gordon was in no personal danger on this own name shortly previous to his death, and which were attached by his creditors. Mrs. Tabor gave the diamonds to her brother to deposit for safe keeping and he thinking to get them himself whenever his slater whated them, deposited them in his own name. They are valued at \$15,000 and Mrs. Labor gave bond in that sum. and advised that the Government should await the arrival of General Sir Gerald Graham, who is a warm personal friend of General Gordon. Sir Henry Gordon also warned Lord Granville that Sir Evelyn Baring was an enemy of General Gordon and cautioned him to receive with distrust the advice that the Minister to Epypt might give as to the Henry called attention to the fact that a larg John H. and Willis Y. Francis, distillers, of this city, tonumber of women and children who were sent gether with two of his children was drowned near Spring down the Nile from Khartoum last February for Bay, on Wednesday. It appears that Francis, accompanied by his children, started from Mossville, in this county, to go to Spring Bay in a skiff. They arrived safely at the latter place and departed on their return at the time the steamer Grey Easte passed up, about 4:50 p.m. They were last seen riding the swell in the wake safety are still detained at Berber, and are in fully as much danger there at present as they were in February at Khartoum. Lord Granville agreed that this was a most extraordinary fact, and said that this was a most extraordinary fact, and said that he had repeate dly telegraphed to Sir Evelyn Baring and to Hussein Facha, the Governor of Berber, for information as to the reasons for the detention of these refugees, but had never received any satisfactory reply. In conclusion, Sir Henry Gordon told Lord Granville that he felt sure that his brother was delighted at being out off from communication with the rest of the world, as he was thus left to pursue his plans for the restoration of order unhampered by orders from Cairo and London such as had been in the past confusing and embarrassing to the last degree.

PALLWAY CONSTRUCTION PROPOSED. viaduct at the open data solution of sight, but was reacted by the engineer in charge of the bridge. No soomer had Brady been placed on shore than he gathered bimself up and walked away. He was entirely uninjured, the bath failing even to sober him.

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION PROPOSED. The most extraordinary proposition yet made for the relief of General Gordon and for the settlement of the Soudan question, was to-day sent to the Gov ernment by Colonel Burleigh, who acted in the re cent campaign as the special Soudan correspondent of The London Daity Telegraph. His plan proposes to solve the whole deficulty by the rapid construction of a railway. The idea has been received with astonishment and considerable favor.

'My belief is," said Mr. Burleigh in an interwhen the control of t or used to have when I was there, in the oil regions. If a good connection could be established between Sunkim and Berber, Khartoum could be easily secured and controlled from Berber. I have been all over Egypt, and have served in all the recent campaigns, and my experience in the Soudan convinces me that no military expedition of a size large enough to subdue the Soudan, with Khartoum as the objective point, can be moved successfully across the desert west of Stakim except by rail. I have offered to take charge of an expedition to lay the road and to keep the route between Berber and Khartoum open during the continuation of the road. It would not take six months to construct it."

"When you had secured Khartoum and relieved General Gordon, what would you do with the rail-road?"

"Maintain it and run it as a commercial enter-prise. It would pay, I think handsomely. The entire cost of the road need not be more than £500,000 sterling.

TREACHERY OF ZEBEHR PACHA The Caire correspondent of The Times says: "An English officer of great experience in the Soudan, and a friend of General Gordon, assures me that he possesses abundant proof that Zebehr Pacha is possesses abundant proof that Zebent Pacha is intriguing in the Sondan, and that he is responsible for the recent uprising north of Khartoum." Advices from Abyssinia state that King John has agreed to Admiral Hewett's proposals to invade the Sondan, relieve the Egyptian garrisons and assist them to withdraw through Abyssinias.

Pacis, April 26.—A meeting of the ministry held to-day had under consideration a proposal for a conference of the Powers on the Egyptian question.

A CORRESPONDENT UNDER ARREST. Dualis, April 26 .- The Daily Express of this city says to-day that James O'Kelly, M. P., who went to the Soudan as the correspondent of The London Daily News, after the death of Edmund O'Denevan, has been taken into custody by the Egyptian authorities. Suspicious documents were found in his possession; among them letters from the Frenchinen to the Mahdi.

NO RELIEF FOR BEUBER. Cairo, April 26.-A reply has been received to the request sent to the British Government for an expedition to relieve the be leaguered troops at Berber, setting forth that it is impossible at present to send the relief demanded.

A DESPAIRING MOTHER'S CRIME. Easton, Penn., April 26.-This morning Mrs. Amelia Barnet, wife of David Barnet, of Phillipsburg,

N. J., locked the doors of her house, threw her son Willie, age two years and six months, on the bed and cut his throat with a razor. She then seized her five-months-old

TRICKED BY A WOMAN.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

CAPTURING A THIEF AND STOLEN BONDS. A STATEN ISLAND BURGLARY BECALLED-THE PART

razor across her own throat and threw herself on the bed beside her children. Willie, the cider boy, died in ten minutes. The younger child and the mother are both mortally wounded. The Barnet family came here from Pittsburg, Penn, several months ago, but since then the father has been unable to obtain employment. PLAYED BY MRS. ELLEN PECK, Inspector Byrnes yesterday locked up at Police Headquarters a burglar who had in his postolen bonds valued at \$6,000. The police had been looking for the man for nearly two years. Sixteen Richmond County bonds, for \$1,000 each, were stolen in September, 1882, from the house of DISAPPROVAL EXPRESSED BY THE MERCHANTS OF Owen and High McSorley, near West Brighton, Staten Island. Owen McSorley went out for a drive with his family, leaving the house in the care of ATLANTA, April 26.-The passage of the Bankruptcy bill by the United States Senate has aroused some interest in the South, where it seems to be in disan old man named Brian. A stranger ran to the house half an hour later and said that Mr. McSorley's carriage had broken down. He cut a favor. A canvass of the wholesale merchants of Atlanta shows that it is not a popular measure here. The head piece of clothes line, handed it to Brian, and sent of the house of John Silvey & Co. says that there is no the old man down the road in a vain search for his need for a bankrupt measure. Trade is good, but a bankrupt law would unsettle it. Mr. Moore, of Moore, Marsh employer. Two confederates joined the stranges and they committed the robbery by breaking open & Co., says: "There is no need in the world for a a safe in the house. They met Mr. McSorley as they were going away in an opposite direction from that it at all. We are getting along finely and don't want more commercial legislation. When we taken by Brian. Two of the burglars, "Tom" Gardner and a Frenchman named Jacques, were had a bankrupt law there was less confidence between arrested months afterward for a robbery in Philadelphia, and were sent to the Moyamensing ing out temptation to a man to carry more than he can handle. The best way to settle when a man gets behind prison, but none of the stolen bonds were found with them. Their leader in the McSorley robbery D. Spalding, of Gramling, Spalding & Co., said: "Stay was not heard of until information concerning him laws and bankrupt laws have ruined trade. We don't was brought to Inspector Byrnes by an unexpected want any more of them. The South's trade has a better ally. tone to-day than it has had for years. In fact the death

MRS, PECK'S NEGOTIATIONS. of the old bankrupt law was the beginning of the worth of the South's trade. If the East wants Mrs. Ellen Peck, the notorious confidence swindler, who obtained many thousands of dollars from B. T. Babbitt, the soap manufacturer, by pretending to aid him in his pursuit of his dishonest eashier, Beckwith; who afterward fraudulently obtained \$19,000 from Lyonee Langer, the Fourth-ave. diamond broker, and who has been engaged in so many other peculiars transaction that she is commonly spoken of by the police as " the sawdust woman," was the person chiefly instrumental in the capture of yes-terday. She advertised under an assumed name, Jamestown, April 26.-Ephraim King was on April 13, for a loan of money on diamonds. She received a letter from Julius Columbane and met him by appointment at the Aster House. He said that York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad, which was going at a speed of forty miles an hour. King was thrown he had not the \$5,000 which she wished to borrow, but he offered to sell ten Richmond County bonds, fifteen feet into the air and fell beside the track. He was injured internally; one wrist was broken, a deep gash was cut in his head. Nevertheless he is expected to recover. The wagon was much broken. The horses escaped uninjured, but the harness was stripped entirely off them. worth \$10,000, for \$6,000, and to take her diamonds as security until she could sell the bonds. The bonds were not given to her at the meeting, but she took the numbers. A broker at No. 6 Broad-st, afterward informed her that the numbers were those of the bonds stolen from Mr. McSorley. Mrs. Peck then went to Inspector CHICAGO, April 26.-A motion was made be-Byrnes, told him about the bonds and promised to

fore Judge Rogers this morning in the case of General Myers against Vermilye, to set aside the former verdict act according to his instructions. Several interviews were held by Columbane and Mrs. Peck, the woman taking care to conceal her making charges of improper relations between his wito and Myers. The defendant now desires the case reo-pened, on the ground that there was an irregularity in the summons. Judge Rogers took the motion under adidentity and giving Detective-Sergeants Dolan and O'Conner opportunities to watch and follow the burglar. On Thursday he gave her one of the stolen bonds in exchange for \$500 cash, and made an agreement to sell her five more bonds at the same price on the following day. She had ceased to talk about diamonds, having told him that she knew the bonds were stolen. He met her on Friday in the Barclay Street ferry-house. Sergeant Slevin was on the watch there and Dolan and O'Connor were close at hand. It was arranged that if Columbane had the bonds with him. Mrs. Peck was to give a signal for his arrest, but the willy burglar spoiled that plan by insisting that Mrs. Peck should accompany him to a place uptown, lie led her to a Sixth-ave, car and made sure that no person was on the car to watch him. The detectives followed on the next car, however, and had the driver keep in sight of the car ahead. They saw the couple get off at Fourth-st., and afterward enter a liquor store kept by a man named Murphy. Inside the store Columbane found a room ready for his use. He resumed the negotiations a bruptly when he was alone with the woman. that she knew the bonds were stolen. He added a highly sensational chapter to the romance of his OSHKOSH, April 26.-The wife of ex-Senator Tabor has replevined the diamonds and jewelry which were deposited in the vault of the National Bank of Oshkosh by her brother, James McCount,

TWO AT THE SAME GAME. "I have been in State prison," he said,

and gave information to an investigating committee. The prison officials would kill me if they got me back there again. I would rather kill myself, and you, too, than be put in danger of arrest."

To give point to his remarks he took a revolver from his pocket and placed it on a sola where he Peoria, Ill., April 26.-Intelligence reached

To give point to his remarks he took a revolver from his pocket and placed it on a sola where he sat. "Now." he resumed, "have you got the money with you?"

Mrs. Peck answered the question, Yankee-fashfon, by asking: "Have you got the bonds?"

"I have some of them here. When you have paid me the money we will go over 'o Jersey City, and I will give you the rest"; as if to impress her more with the idea that she could not trifle with him, he took from his received a wicked-looking knife and him it beside

CLEVELAND, April 26 .- John Brady, a teamster, while intoxicated to-night, walked off the end of the viaduct at the open draw-bridge and fell into the river, a

Jersey City, and I will give you with the last of the impress her more with the idea that she could not trifle with him, he took from his pocket a wicked-looking knife and laid it beside his revolver.

Smilling serenly, Mrs. Peck drew out a pistol. "Two can play at that game," she said. "I have got the money. Where are the bonds?"

Before the astonished burglar could reply a show of warning was heard. Detective Sergeant Dolan had rushed into the liquor store close upon the heels of the spy who had seen the detective watching the place. The spy, hired by Columbane, startled Mrs. Peck so much that she did not try to detain the burglar, who started through the rear door and fied into Jones st. The detective pursued him, but he escaped after flinging away a package which Dolan picked up. The package contained five of the stolen bonds.

As soon as Columbane's escape was reported to Inspector Byrnes all the detectives of the force were sentl out to search for him. The ferries were watched and an officed went to the burglar's boarding house in Jersey City to arrest him if he appeared there. The search was kept up all night and in the norming Detective Sergeants Rogers and McNaught found him in the Park Hotel, in Chathaur-st. When he was told who Mrs. Peck was, his rage was expressed in strong language, Mr. McSorley identified the bonds, and promised to appear in the Founds Police, Court as complainant against the prisoner to-day. Columbane is an Italian, age forty-seven, and of preposessing appearance. His career as a professional thief is not well known to the police, because he has succeeded in evading arrest for a number of offences. has succeeded in evading arrest for a number of offences.

A LAWYER'S TREMENDOUS FEE

CLAY CENTRE, Kan., April 26 .- The store of PHILADELPHIA, April 26.-President-Judge Samuel Richards, at Wakefield, was entered by burglars at an early hour this morning. The safe was robbed and Thayer, of the Court of Common Pleas, to-day delivered the final judgment of that court in the suit brought by the the store set on fire and consumed. The loss on stock is over \$10,000. Citizens are scouring the country for the ity against Henry C. Terry and others for the recovery of \$50,000. Mr. Terry is a lawyer, who undertook to negotiate the purchase for the city of the Kenslagton and Oxford Turnpike at a price not to exceed \$70,000. He also made a compact with the stockholders of the turn-pike company that all the proceeds of the sale over \$20,-500 should be left to him as his tee. The city the reupon instituted equity proceedings to recover \$50,000 from Mr. Perry. The court now rules finally that the city must, pay the \$50,000 bonus, and that the lawyer is entitled to has bug fee. MERIDIAN, La., April 26,-Information has reached here of the murder of an old white man, Milledge

ARRESTED ON THE CHARGE OF MURDER.

New-Haven, Conn., April 26.-Arthur Jackson, colored, was arrested here to-day for the alleged murder of Seymour Tibbals, white, whose mutilated body was found in the Connecticut River at Middletown yes terday. Tibbals and Jackson had associated together, terialy. Thibuts and Jackson had associate togeteen and a few days before they both disappeared they quar-relied, and Jackson was heard to say he "would get even." Tibbals shortly before his disappearance had con-siderable money on his person, but only two dollars were found on his body. The two men had tintypes of them-selves taken together, and one of these pictures was found on Tibbals's body. Jackson denies that he ever knew

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENIS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 26.-Heck & Barelay, commission merchants, failed yesterday. Their liabeli-ties are \$200,000, and their nominal assets \$150,000. Donohur, Kelly & Co., bankers, and the Pacine Bank here are special creditors.

MONTREAL, April 26,-The case of the Corrincau Siik Mills Company, which has been before the courts some time on a petition to quash the attachment taken out by Walker & t.o., of New York, was decided to-day by Justice Doherty, who sustained the attachment. Counsel for the company moved for leave to appeal.

TO RELIEVE THE CREW OF THE RANIER. BATH, Me., April 26.-A private dispatch re-

mind.

A COUNTERFEITER IN CUSTODY.

BOONVILLE, Mo., April 26.—Marshal Smith, at Pilot Grove, twelve mites south of this city, has arrested a counterfeiter giving the name of Arihacton. On his person was a large amount of counterfeit gold coin. HURT BY AN EXPLOSION OF GAS.

WHERESHARRE, April 26.—Frederick Wagner this morning went into an out-house and struck a match to high his pipe, when an explosion of gas took place, demotishing the house, blowing him several feet from the spot and burning his body, the cause of the explosion was a crack in the earth, leading down to gas deposits in the mino below. ceived from the Naval Department says that Commedore Davis has been authorized to send a vessel to Ujani Island, in the Pacific Ocean, for the relief of the survivors of the ship Ramer, wrecked on January 5. Her people have been living upon this island, which is 3,000 mile from the nearest mainland, for over eight months.